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**vuk**

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## QUICKSTART

1. Grab the vuk repository
2. Compile the examples
3. Run the example browser and get a feel for the library:

```
git clone http://github.com/martty/vuk
cd vuk
git submodule init
git submodule update --recursive
mkdir build
cd build
mkdir debug
cd debug
cmake ../../ -G Ninja
cmake --build .
./vuk_all_examples
```

(if building with a multi-config generator, do not make the *debug* folder)

### 1.1 Context

The Context represents the base object of the runtime, encapsulating the knowledge about the GPU (similar to a VkDevice). Use this class to manage pipelines and other cached objects, add/remove swapchains, manage persistent descriptor sets, submit work to device and retrieve query results.

struct **ContextCreateParameters**

Parameters used for creating a *Context*.

#### Public Members

VkInstance **instance**

Vulkan instance.

VkDevice **device**

Vulkan device.

```
VkPhysicalDevice physical_device
    Vulkan physical device.

VkQueue graphics_queue = VK_NULL_HANDLE
    Optional graphics queue.

uint32_t graphics_queue_family_index = VK_QUEUE_FAMILY_IGNORED
    Optional graphics queue family index.

VkQueue compute_queue = VK_NULL_HANDLE
    Optional compute queue.

uint32_t compute_queue_family_index = VK_QUEUE_FAMILY_IGNORED
    Optional compute queue family index.

VkQueue transfer_queue = VK_NULL_HANDLE
    Optional transfer queue.

uint32_t transfer_queue_family_index = VK_QUEUE_FAMILY_IGNORED
    Optional transfer queue family index.

bool allow_dynamic_loading_of_vk_function_pointers = true
    Allow vuk to load missing required and optional function pointers dynamically If this is false, then you must fill in all required function pointers.

struct FunctionPointers
    User provided function pointers. If you want dynamic loading, you must set vkGetInstanceProcAddr & vkGetDeviceProcAddr.

    Subclassed by vuk::Context

class Context : public vuk::ContextCreateParameters::FunctionPointers

Public Functions

Context(ContextCreateParameters params)
    Create a new Context.

Parameters
    params – Vulkan parameters initialized beforehand

DeviceVkResource &get_vk_resource()
    Return an allocator over the direct resource - resources will be allocated from the Vulkan runtime.

Returns
    The resource
```

`SwapchainRef add_swapchain(Swapchain)`

Add a swapchain to be managed by the *Context*.

**Returns**

Reference to the new swapchain that can be used during presentation

`void remove_swapchain(SwapchainRef)`

Remove a swapchain that is managed by the *Context* the swapchain is not destroyed.

`void next_frame()`

Advance internal counter used for caching and garbage collect caches.

`void wait_idle()`

Wait for the device to become idle. Useful for only a few synchronisation events, like resizing or shutting down.

`template<class T>`

`Handle<T> wrap(T payload)`

Create a wrapped handle type (eg. a ImageView) from an externally sourced Vulkan handle.

**Template Parameters**

`T` – Vulkan handle type to wrap

**Parameters**

`payload` – Vulkan handle to wrap

**Returns**

The wrapped handle.

`bool is_timestamp_available(Query q)`

Checks if a timestamp query is available.

**Parameters**

`q` – the *Query* to check

**Returns**

true if the timestamp is available

`std::optional<uint64_t> retrieve_timestamp(Query q)`

Retrieve a timestamp if available.

**Parameters**

`q` – the *Query* to check

**Returns**

the timestamp value if it was available, null optional otherwise

`std::optional<double> retrieve_duration(Query q1, Query q2)`

Retrive a duration if available.

**Parameters**

- `q1` – the start timestamp *Query*
- `q2` – the end timestamp *Query*

**Returns**

the duration in seconds if both timestamps were available, null optional otherwise

`Result<void> make_timestamp_results_available(std::span<const TimestampQueryPool> pools)`

Retrieve results from `TimestampQueryPools` and make them available to `retrieve_timestamp` and `retrieve_duration`.

```
RGImage acquire_rendertarget(const struct RGCI &ci, uint64_t absolute_frame)
    Acquire a cached rendertarget.

Sampler acquire_sampler(const SamplerCreateInfo &cu, uint64_t absolute_frame)
    Acquire a cached sampler.

VkRenderPass acquire_renderpass(const struct RenderPassCreateInfo &ci, uint64_t absolute_frame)
    Acquire a cached VkRenderPass.

struct PipelineInfo acquire_pipeline(const struct PipelineInstanceCreateInfo &ci, uint64_t
    absolute_frame)
    Acquire a cached pipeline.

struct ComputePipelineInfo acquire_pipeline(const struct ComputePipelineCreateInfo &ci,
    uint64_t absolute_frame)
    Acquire a cached compute pipeline.

struct RayTracingPipelineInfo acquire_pipeline(const struct RayTracingPipelineCreateInfo &ci,
    uint64_t absolute_frame)
    Acquire a cached ray tracing pipeline.

struct DescriptorPool &acquire_descriptor_pool(const struct DescriptorSetLayoutAllocInfo &dslai,
    uint64_t absolute_frame)
    Acquire a cached descriptor pool.

struct Query
    Handle to a query result.
```

## 1.2 Submitting work

While submitting work to the device can be performed by the user, it is usually sufficient to use a utility function that takes care of translating a RenderGraph into device execution. Note that these functions are used internally when using `:cpp:class:`vuk::Future``'s, and as such Futures can be used to manage submission in a more high-level fashion.

```
Result<VkResult> vuk::execute_submit_and_present_to_one(Allocator &allocator, ExecutableRenderGraph
    &&executable_rendergraph, SwapchainRef
    swapchain)
```

Execute given `ExecutableRenderGraph` into API `VkCommandBuffers`, then submit them to queues, presenting to a single swapchain.

### Parameters

- **allocator** – Allocator to use for submission resources
- **executable\_rendergraph** – `ExecutableRenderGraph`s for execution
- **swapchain** – Swapchain referenced by the rendergraph

```
Result<void> vuk::execute_submit_and_wait(Allocator &allocator, ExecutableRenderGraph
    &&executable_rendergraph)
```

Execute given `ExecutableRenderGraph` into API `VkCommandBuffers`, then submit them to queues, then blocking-wait for the submission to complete.

### Parameters

- **allocator** – Allocator to use for submission resources

- **executable\_rendergraph** – *ExecutableRenderGraphs* for execution

```
Result<void> vuk::link_execute_submit(Allocator &allocator, Compiler &compiler,
                                      std::span<std::shared_ptr<struct RenderGraph>> rendergraphs)
```

Compile & link given *RenderGraphs*, then execute them into API VkCommandBuffers, then submit them to queues.

#### Parameters

- **allocator** – Allocator to use for submission resources
- **rendergraphs** – *RenderGraphs* for compilation

## 1.3 Allocators

Management of GPU resources is an important part of any renderer. vuk provides an API that lets you plug in your allocation schemes, complementing built-in general purpose schemes that get you started and give good performance out of the box.

### 1.3.1 Overview

#### class Allocator

Interface for allocating device resources.

The Allocator is a concrete value type wrapping over a polymorphic *DeviceResource*, forwarding allocations and deallocations to it. The allocation functions take spans of creation parameters and output values, reporting error through the return value of *Result<void, AllocateException>*. The deallocation functions can't fail.

#### struct DeviceResource

*DeviceResource* is a polymorphic interface over allocation of GPU resources. A *DeviceResource* must prevent reuse of cross-device resources after deallocation until CPU-GPU timelines are synchronized. GPU-only resources may be reused immediately.

Subclassed by *vuk::DeviceNestedResource, vuk::DeviceVkResource*

To facilitate ownership, a RAII wrapper type is provided, that wraps an Allocator and a payload:

```
template<typename Type>
```

#### class Unique

### 1.3.2 Built-in resources

#### struct DeviceNestedResource : public vuk::DeviceResource

Helper base class for DeviceResources. Forwards all allocations and deallocations to the upstream *DeviceResource*.

Subclassed by *vuk::DeviceFrameResource, vuk::DeviceSuperFrameResource*

#### struct DeviceVkResource : public vuk::DeviceResource

Device resource that performs direct allocation from the resources from the Vulkan runtime.

```
struct DeviceFrameResource : public vuk::DeviceNestedResource
```

Represents “per-frame” resources - temporary allocations that persist through a frame. Handed out by *Device-SuperFrameResource*, cannot be constructed directly.

Allocations from this resource are tied to the “frame” - all allocations recycled when a *DeviceFrameResource* is recycled. Furthermore all resources allocated are also deallocated at recycle time - it is not necessary (but not an error) to deallocate them.

Subclassed by *vuk::DeviceMultiFrameResource*

```
struct DeviceSuperFrameResource : public vuk::DeviceNestedResource
```

*DeviceSuperFrameResource* is an allocator that gives out *DeviceFrameResource* allocators, and manages their resources.

*DeviceSuperFrameResource* models resource lifetimes that span multiple frames - these can be allocated directly from this resource Allocation of these resources are persistent, and they can be deallocated at any time - they will be recycled when the current frame is recycled This resource also hands out DeviceFrameResources in a round-robin fashion. The lifetime of resources allocated from those allocators is frames\_in\_flight number of frames (until the *DeviceFrameResource* is recycled).

### 1.3.3 Helpers

Allocator provides functions that can perform bulk allocation (to reduce overhead for repeated calls) and return resources directly. However, usually it is more convenient to allocate a single resource and immediately put it into a RAII wrapper to prevent forgetting to deallocate it.

namespace **vuk**

#### Functions

```
inline Result<Unique<VkSemaphore>, AllocateException> allocate_semaphore(Allocator &allocator,  
SourceLocationAtFrame  
loc =  
VUK_HERE_AND_NOW())
```

Allocate a single semaphore from an Allocator.

##### Parameters

- **allocator** – Allocator to use
- **loc** – Source location information

##### Returns

Semaphore in a RAII wrapper (*Unique*<T>) or AllocateException on error

```
inline Result<Unique<TimelineSemaphore>, AllocateException> allocate_timeline_semaphore(Allocator  
&allo-  
cator,  
Source-  
Loca-  
tionAt-  
Frame  
loc =  
VUK_HERE_AND_NOW())
```

---

Allocate a single timeline semaphore from an Allocator.

#### Parameters

- **allocator** – Allocator to use
- **loc** – Source location information

#### Returns

Timeline semaphore in a RAII wrapper (Unique<T>) or AllocateException on error

```
inline Result<Unique<CommandPool>, AllocateException> allocate_command_pool(Allocator &allocator,
    const VkCommand-
    PoolCreateInfo
    &cpci, SourceLoca-
    tionAtFrame loc =
    VUK_HERE_AND_NOW())
```

Allocate a single command pool from an Allocator.

#### Parameters

- **allocator** – Allocator to use
- **cpci** – Command pool creation parameters
- **loc** – Source location information

#### Returns

Command pool in a RAII wrapper (Unique<T>) or AllocateException on error

```
inline Result<Unique<CommandBufferAllocation>, AllocateException> allocate_command_buffer(Allocator
    &al-
    loca-
    tor,
    const
    Com-
    mand-
    Buffer-
    Allo-
    ca-
    tion-
    Cre-
    ate-
    Info
    &cbc,
    Source-
    Loca-
    tion-
    At-
    Frame
    loc =
    VUK_HERE_AND_NO())
```

Allocate a single command buffer from an Allocator.

#### Parameters

- **allocator** – Allocator to use
- **cbc** – Command buffer creation parameters

- **loc** – Source location information

**Returns**

Command buffer in a RAII wrapper (Unique<T>) or AllocateException on error

```
inline Result<Unique<VkFence>, AllocateException> allocate_fence(Allocator &allocator,  
SourceLocationAtFrame loc =  
VUK_HERE_AND_NOW())
```

Allocate a single fence from an Allocator.

**Parameters**

- **allocator** – Allocator to use
- **loc** – Source location information

**Returns**

Fence in a RAII wrapper (Unique<T>) or AllocateException on error

```
inline Result<Unique<Buffer>, AllocateException> allocate_buffer(Allocator &allocator, const  
BufferCreateInfo &bci,  
SourceLocationAtFrame loc =  
VUK_HERE_AND_NOW())
```

Allocate a single GPU-only buffer from an Allocator.

**Parameters**

- **allocator** – Allocator to use
- **bci** – Buffer creation parameters
- **loc** – Source location information

**Returns**

GPU-only buffer in a RAII wrapper (Unique<T>) or AllocateException on error

```
inline Result<Unique<Image>, AllocateException> allocate_image(Allocator &allocator, const  
ImageCreateInfo &ici,  
SourceLocationAtFrame loc =  
VUK_HERE_AND_NOW())
```

Allocate a single image from an Allocator.

**Parameters**

- **allocator** – Allocator to use
- **ici** – Image creation parameters
- **loc** – Source location information

**Returns**

Image in a RAII wrapper (Unique<T>) or AllocateException on error

```
inline Result<Unique<Image>, AllocateException> allocate_image(Allocator &allocator, const  
ImageAttachment &attachment,  
SourceLocationAtFrame loc =  
VUK_HERE_AND_NOW())
```

Allocate a single image from an Allocator.

**Parameters**

- **allocator** – Allocator to use
- **attachment** – ImageAttachment to make the Image from

- **loc** – Source location information

**Returns**

Image in a RAII wrapper (Unique<T>) or AllocateException on error

```
inline Result<Unique<ImageView>, AllocateException> allocate_image_view(Allocator &allocator, const
    ImageViewCreateInfo
    &ivci,
    SourceLocationAtFrame
    loc =
    VUK_HERE_AND_NOW())
```

Allocate a single image view from an Allocator.

**Parameters**

- **allocator** – Allocator to use
- **ivci** – Image view creation parameters
- **loc** – Source location information

**Returns**

ImageView in a RAII wrapper (Unique<T>) or AllocateException on error

```
inline Result<Unique<ImageView>, AllocateException> allocate_image_view(Allocator &allocator, const
    ImageAttachment
    &attachment,
    SourceLocationAtFrame
    loc =
    VUK_HERE_AND_NOW())
```

Allocate a single image view from an Allocator.

**Parameters**

- **allocator** – Allocator to use
- **attachment** – ImageAttachment to make the ImageView from
- **loc** – Source location information

**Returns**

ImageView in a RAII wrapper (Unique<T>) or AllocateException on error

### 1.3.4 Reference

#### class **Allocator**

Interface for allocating device resources.

The Allocator is a concrete value type wrapping over a polymorphic *DeviceResource*, forwarding allocations and deallocations to it. The allocation functions take spans of creation parameters and output values, reporting error through the return value of Result<void, AllocateException>. The deallocation functions can't fail.

## Public Functions

inline explicit **Allocator**(*DeviceResource* &device\_resource)

Create new Allocator that wraps a *DeviceResource*.

### Parameters

**device\_resource** – The *DeviceResource* to allocate from

Result<void, AllocateException> **allocate**(std::span<VkSemaphore> dst, SourceLocationAtFrame loc = VUK\_HERE\_AND\_NOW())

Allocate semaphores from this Allocator.

### Parameters

- **dst** – Destination span to place allocated semaphores into
- **loc** – Source location information

### Returns

Result<void, AllocateException> : void or AllocateException if the allocation could not be performed.

Result<void, AllocateException> **allocate\_semaphores**(std::span<VkSemaphore> dst, SourceLocationAtFrame loc = VUK\_HERE\_AND\_NOW())

Allocate semaphores from this Allocator.

### Parameters

- **dst** – Destination span to place allocated semaphores into
- **loc** – Source location information

### Returns

Result<void, AllocateException> : void or AllocateException if the allocation could not be performed.

void **deallocate**(std::span<const VkSemaphore> src)

Deallocate semaphores previously allocated from this Allocator.

### Parameters

**src** – Span of semaphores to be deallocated

Result<void, AllocateException> **allocate**(std::span<VkFence> dst, SourceLocationAtFrame loc = VUK\_HERE\_AND\_NOW())

Allocate fences from this Allocator.

### Parameters

- **dst** – Destination span to place allocated fences into
- **loc** – Source location information

### Returns

Result<void, AllocateException> : void or AllocateException if the allocation could not be performed.

Result<void, AllocateException> **allocate\_fences**(std::span<VkFence> dst, SourceLocationAtFrame loc = VUK\_HERE\_AND\_NOW())

Allocate fences from this Allocator.

### Parameters

- **dst** – Destination span to place allocated fences into
- **loc** – Source location information

**Returns**

`Result<void, AllocateException>` : void or `AllocateException` if the allocation could not be performed.

```
void deallocate(std::span<const VkFence> src)
```

Deallocate fences previously allocated from this Allocator.

**Parameters**

**src** – Span of fences to be deallocated

```
Result<void, AllocateException> allocate(std::span<CommandPool> dst, std::span<const  
VkCommandPoolCreateInfo> cis, SourceLocationAtFrame loc =  
VUK_HERE_AND_NOW())
```

Allocate command pools from this Allocator.

**Parameters**

- **dst** – Destination span to place allocated command pools into
- **cis** – Per-element construction info
- **loc** – Source location information

**Returns**

`Result<void, AllocateException>` : void or `AllocateException` if the allocation could not be performed.

```
Result<void, AllocateException> allocate_command_pools(std::span<CommandPool> dst, std::span<const  
VkCommandPoolCreateInfo> cis,  
SourceLocationAtFrame loc =  
VUK_HERE_AND_NOW())
```

Allocate command pools from this Allocator.

**Parameters**

- **dst** – Destination span to place allocated command pools into
- **cis** – Per-element construction info
- **loc** – Source location information

**Returns**

`Result<void, AllocateException>` : void or `AllocateException` if the allocation could not be performed.

```
void deallocate(std::span<const CommandPool> src)
```

Deallocate command pools previously allocated from this Allocator.

**Parameters**

**src** – Span of command pools to be deallocated

```
Result<void, AllocateException> allocate(std::span<CommandBufferAllocation> dst, std::span<const  
CommandBufferAllocationCreateInfo> cis,  
SourceLocationAtFrame loc = VUK_HERE_AND_NOW())
```

Allocate command buffers from this Allocator.

**Parameters**

- **dst** – Destination span to place allocated command buffers into

- **cis** – Per-element construction info
- **loc** – Source location information

**Returns**

Result<void, AllocateException> : void or AllocateException if the allocation could not be performed.

```
Result<void, AllocateException> allocate_command_buffers(std::span<CommandBufferAllocation> dst,  
                                         std::span<const  
                                         CommandBufferAllocationCreateInfo> cis,  
                                         SourceLocationAtFrame loc =  
                                         VUK_HERE_AND_NOW())
```

Allocate command buffers from this Allocator.

**Parameters**

- **dst** – Destination span to place allocated command buffers into
- **cis** – Per-element construction info
- **loc** – Source location information

**Returns**

Result<void, AllocateException> : void or AllocateException if the allocation could not be performed.

```
void deallocate(std::span<const CommandBufferAllocation> src)
```

Deallocate command buffers previously allocated from this Allocator.

**Parameters**

**src** – Span of command buffers to be deallocated

```
Result<void, AllocateException> allocate(std::span<Buffer> dst, std::span<const BufferCreateInfo> cis,  
                                         SourceLocationAtFrame loc = VUK_HERE_AND_NOW())
```

Allocate buffers from this Allocator.

**Parameters**

- **dst** – Destination span to place allocated buffers into
- **cis** – Per-element construction info
- **loc** – Source location information

**Returns**

Result<void, AllocateException> : void or AllocateException if the allocation could not be performed.

```
Result<void, AllocateException> allocate_buffers(std::span<Buffer> dst, std::span<const  
                                                 BufferCreateInfo> cis, SourceLocationAtFrame loc =  
                                                 VUK_HERE_AND_NOW())
```

Allocate buffers from this Allocator.

**Parameters**

- **dst** – Destination span to place allocated buffers into
- **cis** – Per-element construction info
- **loc** – Source location information

**Returns**

`Result<void, AllocateException>` : void or `AllocateException` if the allocation could not be performed.

`void deallocate(std::span<const Buffer> src)`

Deallocate buffers previously allocated from this Allocator.

**Parameters**

`src` – Span of buffers to be deallocated

`Result<void, AllocateException> allocate(std::span<VkFramebuffer> dst, std::span<const FramebufferCreateInfo> cis, SourceLocationAtFrame loc = VUK_HERE_AND_NOW())`

Allocate framebuffers from this Allocator.

**Parameters**

- `dst` – Destination span to place allocated framebuffers into
- `cis` – Per-element construction info
- `loc` – Source location information

**Returns**

`Result<void, AllocateException>` : void or `AllocateException` if the allocation could not be performed.

`Result<void, AllocateException> allocate_framebuffers(std::span<VkFramebuffer> dst, std::span<const FramebufferCreateInfo> cis, SourceLocationAtFrame loc = VUK_HERE_AND_NOW())`

Allocate framebuffers from this Allocator.

**Parameters**

- `dst` – Destination span to place allocated framebuffers into
- `cis` – Per-element construction info
- `loc` – Source location information

**Returns**

`Result<void, AllocateException>` : void or `AllocateException` if the allocation could not be performed.

`void deallocate(std::span<const VkFramebuffer> src)`

Deallocate framebuffers previously allocated from this Allocator.

**Parameters**

`src` – Span of framebuffers to be deallocated

`Result<void, AllocateException> allocate(std::span<Image> dst, std::span<const ImageCreateInfo> cis, SourceLocationAtFrame loc = VUK_HERE_AND_NOW())`

Allocate images from this Allocator.

**Parameters**

- `dst` – Destination span to place allocated images into
- `cis` – Per-element construction info
- `loc` – Source location information

**Returns**

Result<void, AllocateException> : void or AllocateException if the allocation could not be performed.

```
Result<void, AllocateException> allocate_images(std::span<Image> dst, std::span<const ImageCreateInfo> cis, SourceLocationAtFrame loc = VK_HERE_AND_NOW())
```

Allocate images from this Allocator.

**Parameters**

- **dst** – Destination span to place allocated images into
- **cis** – Per-element construction info
- **loc** – Source location information

**Returns**

Result<void, AllocateException> : void or AllocateException if the allocation could not be performed.

```
void deallocate(std::span<const Image> src)
```

Deallocate images previously allocated from this Allocator.

**Parameters**

**src** – Span of images to be deallocated

```
Result<void, AllocateException> allocate(std::span<ImageView> dst, std::span<const ImageViewCreateInfo> cis, SourceLocationAtFrame loc = VK_HERE_AND_NOW())
```

Allocate image views from this Allocator.

**Parameters**

- **dst** – Destination span to place allocated image views into
- **cis** – Per-element construction info
- **loc** – Source location information

**Returns**

Result<void, AllocateException> : void or AllocateException if the allocation could not be performed.

```
Result<void, AllocateException> allocate_image_views(std::span<ImageView> dst, std::span<const ImageViewCreateInfo> cis, SourceLocationAtFrame loc = VK_HERE_AND_NOW())
```

Allocate image views from this Allocator.

**Parameters**

- **dst** – Destination span to place allocated image views into
- **cis** – Per-element construction info
- **loc** – Source location information

**Returns**

Result<void, AllocateException> : void or AllocateException if the allocation could not be performed.

---

```
void deallocate(std::span<const ImageView> src)
```

Deallocate image views previously allocated from this Allocator.

**Parameters**

**src** – Span of image views to be deallocated

```
Result<void, AllocateException> allocate(std::span<PersistentDescriptorSet> dst, std::span<const PersistentDescriptorSetCreateInfo> cis, SourceLocationAtFrame loc = VUK_HERE_AND_NOW())
```

Allocate persistent descriptor sets from this Allocator.

**Parameters**

- **dst** – Destination span to place allocated persistent descriptor sets into
- **cis** – Per-element construction info
- **loc** – Source location information

**Returns**

Result<void, AllocateException> : void or AllocateException if the allocation could not be performed.

```
Result<void, AllocateException> allocate_persistent_descriptor_sets(std::span<PersistentDescriptorSet> dst, std::span<const PersistentDescriptorSetCreateInfo> cis, SourceLocationAtFrame loc = VUK_HERE_AND_NOW())
```

Allocate persistent descriptor sets from this Allocator.

**Parameters**

- **dst** – Destination span to place allocated persistent descriptor sets into
- **cis** – Per-element construction info
- **loc** – Source location information

**Returns**

Result<void, AllocateException> : void or AllocateException if the allocation could not be performed.

```
void deallocate(std::span<const PersistentDescriptorSet> src)
```

Deallocate persistent descriptor sets previously allocated from this Allocator.

**Parameters**

**src** – Span of persistent descriptor sets to be deallocated

```
Result<void, AllocateException> allocate(std::span<DescriptorSet> dst, std::span<const SetBinding> cis, SourceLocationAtFrame loc = VUK_HERE_AND_NOW())
```

Allocate descriptor sets from this Allocator.

**Parameters**

- **dst** – Destination span to place allocated descriptor sets into
- **cis** – Per-element construction info
- **loc** – Source location information

**Returns**

Result<void, AllocateException> : void or AllocateException if the allocation could not be performed.

```
Result<void, AllocateException> allocate_descriptor_sets_with_value(std::span<DescriptorSet> dst,  
                           std::span<const SetBinding>  
                           cis, SourceLocationAtFrame  
                           loc =  
                           VUK_HERE_AND_NOW())
```

Allocate descriptor sets from this Allocator.

**Parameters**

- **dst** – Destination span to place allocated descriptor sets into
- **cis** – Per-element construction info
- **loc** – Source location information

**Returns**

Result<void, AllocateException> : void or AllocateException if the allocation could not be performed.

```
Result<void, AllocateException> allocate(std::span<DescriptorSet> dst, std::span<const  
                                         DescriptorsetLayoutAllocInfo> cis, SourceLocationAtFrame loc  
                                         = VUK_HERE_AND_NOW())
```

Allocate descriptor sets from this Allocator.

**Parameters**

- **dst** – Destination span to place allocated descriptor sets into
- **cis** – Per-element construction info
- **loc** – Source location information

**Returns**

Result<void, AllocateException> : void or AllocateException if the allocation could not be performed.

```
Result<void, AllocateException> allocate_descriptor_sets(std::span<DescriptorSet> dst,  
                           std::span<const  
                           DescriptorsetLayoutAllocInfo> cis,  
                           SourceLocationAtFrame loc =  
                           VUK_HERE_AND_NOW())
```

Allocate descriptor sets from this Allocator.

**Parameters**

- **dst** – Destination span to place allocated descriptor sets into
- **cis** – Per-element construction info
- **loc** – Source location information

**Returns**

Result<void, AllocateException> : void or AllocateException if the allocation could not be performed.

```
void deallocate(std::span<const DescriptorSet> src)
```

Deallocate descriptor sets previously allocated from this Allocator.

**Parameters**

**src** – Span of descriptor sets to be deallocated

```
Result<void, AllocateException> allocate(std::span<TimestampQueryPool> dst, std::span<const
                                         VkQueryPoolCreateInfo> cis, SourceLocationAtFrame loc =
                                         VUK_HERE_AND_NOW())
```

Allocate timestamp query pools from this Allocator.

**Parameters**

- **dst** – Destination span to place allocated timestamp query pools into
- **cis** – Per-element construction info
- **loc** – Source location information

**Returns**

Result<void, AllocateException> : void or AllocateException if the allocation could not be performed.

```
Result<void, AllocateException> allocate_timestamp_query_pools(std::span<TimestampQueryPool>
                                                               dst, std::span<const
                                                               VkQueryPoolCreateInfo> cis,
                                                               SourceLocationAtFrame loc =
                                                               VUK_HERE_AND_NOW())
```

Allocate timestamp query pools from this Allocator.

**Parameters**

- **dst** – Destination span to place allocated timestamp query pools into
- **cis** – Per-element construction info
- **loc** – Source location information

**Returns**

Result<void, AllocateException> : void or AllocateException if the allocation could not be performed.

```
void deallocate(std::span<const TimestampQueryPool> src)
```

Deallocate timestamp query pools previously allocated from this Allocator.

**Parameters**

**src** – Span of timestamp query pools to be deallocated

```
Result<void, AllocateException> allocate(std::span<TimestampQuery> dst, std::span<const
                                         TimestampQueryCreateInfo> cis, SourceLocationAtFrame loc =
                                         VUK_HERE_AND_NOW())
```

Allocate timestamp queries from this Allocator.

**Parameters**

- **dst** – Destination span to place allocated timestamp queries into
- **cis** – Per-element construction info
- **loc** – Source location information

**Returns**

Result<void, AllocateException> : void or AllocateException if the allocation could not be performed.

```
Result<void, AllocateException> allocate_timestamp_queries(std::span<TimestampQuery> dst,  
                           std::span<const  
                           TimestampQueryCreateInfo> cis,  
                           SourceLocationAtFrame loc =  
                           VUK_HERE_AND_NOW())
```

Allocate timestamp queries from this Allocator.

#### Parameters

- **dst** – Destination span to place allocated timestamp queries into
- **cis** – Per-element construction info
- **loc** – Source location information

#### Returns

Result<void, AllocateException> : void or AllocateException if the allocation could not be performed.

```
void deallocate(std::span<const TimestampQuery> src)
```

Deallocate timestamp queries previously allocated from this Allocator.

#### Parameters

**src** – Span of timestamp queries to be deallocated

```
Result<void, AllocateException> allocate(std::span<TimelineSemaphore> dst, SourceLocationAtFrame loc  
                                         = VUK_HERE_AND_NOW())
```

Allocate timeline semaphores from this Allocator.

#### Parameters

- **dst** – Destination span to place allocated timeline semaphores into
- **loc** – Source location information

#### Returns

Result<void, AllocateException> : void or AllocateException if the allocation could not be performed.

```
Result<void, AllocateException> allocate_timeline_semaphores(std::span<TimelineSemaphore> dst,  
                                         SourceLocationAtFrame loc =  
                                         VUK_HERE_AND_NOW())
```

Allocate timeline semaphores from this Allocator.

#### Parameters

- **dst** – Destination span to place allocated timeline semaphores into
- **loc** – Source location information

#### Returns

Result<void, AllocateException> : void or AllocateException if the allocation could not be performed.

```
void deallocate(std::span<const TimelineSemaphore> src)
```

Deallocate timeline semaphores previously allocated from this Allocator.

#### Parameters

**src** – Span of timeline semaphores to be deallocated

---

```
Result<void, AllocateException> allocate(std::span<VkAccelerationStructureKHR> dst, std::span<const
                                         VkAccelerationStructureCreateInfoKHR> cis,
                                         SourceLocationAtFrame loc = VUK_HERE_AND_NOW())
```

Allocate acceleration structures from this Allocator.

#### Parameters

- **dst** – Destination span to place allocated acceleration structures into
- **loc** – Source location information

#### Returns

Result<void, AllocateException> : void or AllocateException if the allocation could not be performed.

```
Result<void, AllocateException> allocate_acceleration_structures(std::span<VkAccelerationStructureKHR>
                                                               dst, std::span<const VkAccelerationStructureCreateInfoKHR>
                                                               cis, SourceLocationAtFrame loc
                                                               = VUK_HERE_AND_NOW())
```

Allocate acceleration structures from this Allocator.

#### Parameters

- **dst** – Destination span to place allocated acceleration structures into
- **loc** – Source location information

#### Returns

Result<void, AllocateException> : void or AllocateException if the allocation could not be performed.

```
void deallocate(std::span<const VkAccelerationStructureKHR> src)
```

Deallocate acceleration structures previously allocated from this Allocator.

#### Parameters

**src** – Span of acceleration structures to be deallocated

```
void deallocate(std::span<const VkSwapchainKHR> src)
```

Deallocate swapchains previously allocated from this Allocator.

#### Parameters

**src** – Span of swapchains to be deallocated

```
inline DeviceResource &get_device_resource()
```

Get the underlying *DeviceResource*.

#### Returns

the underlying *DeviceResource*

```
inline Context &get_context()
```

Get the parent *Context*.

#### Returns

the parent *Context*

## 1.4 Rendergraph

struct **Resource**

struct **RenderGraph** : public std::enable\_shared\_from\_this<*RenderGraph*>

### Public Functions

void **add\_pass**(Pass pass, source\_location location = source\_location::current())

Add a pass to the rendergraph.

#### Parameters

**pass** – the Pass to add to the *RenderGraph*

void **add\_alias**(Name new\_name, Name old\_name)

Add an alias for a resource.

#### Parameters

- **new\_name** – Additional name to refer to the resource
- **old\_name** – Old name used to refere to the resource

void **diverge\_image**(Name whole\_name, Subrange::Image subrange, Name subrange\_name)

Diverge image. subrange is available as subrange\_name afterwards.

void **converge\_image\_explicit**(std::span<Name> pre\_diverge, Name post\_diverge)

Reconverge image from named parts. Prevents diverged use moving before pre\_diverge or after post\_diverge.

void **resolve\_resource\_into**(Name resolved\_name\_src, Name resolved\_name\_dst, Name ms\_name)

Add a resolve operation from the image resource **ms\_name** that consumes **resolved\_name\_src** and produces **resolved\_name\_dst**. This is only supported for color images.

#### Parameters

- **resolved\_name\_src** – Image resource name consumed (single-sampled)
- **resolved\_name\_dst** – Image resource name created (single-sampled)
- **ms\_name** – Image resource to resolve from (multisampled)

void **clear\_image**(Name image\_name\_in, Name image\_name\_out, Clear clear\_value)

Clear image attachment.

#### Parameters

- **image\_name\_in** – Name of the image resource to clear
- **image\_name\_out** – Name of the cleared image resource
- **clear\_value** – Value used for the clear
- **subrange** – Range of image cleared

void **attach\_swapchain**(Name name, SwapchainRef swp)

Attach a swapchain to the given name.

#### Parameters

**name** – Name of the resource to attach to

---

```
void attach_buffer(Name name, Buffer buffer, Access initial = eNone)
```

Attach a buffer to the given name.

#### Parameters

- **name** – Name of the resource to attach to
- **buffer** – Buffer to attach
- **initial** – Access to the resource prior to this rendergraph

```
void attach_buffer_from_allocator(Name name, Buffer buffer, Allocator allocator, Access initial = eNone)
```

Attach a buffer to be allocated from the specified allocator.

#### Parameters

- **name** – Name of the resource to attach to
- **buffer** – Buffer to attach
- **allocator** – Allocator the Buffer will be allocated from
- **initial** – Access to the resource prior to this rendergraph

```
void attach_image(Name name, ImageAttachment image_attachment, Access initial = eNone)
```

Attach an image to the given name.

#### Parameters

- **name** – Name of the resource to attach to
- **image\_attachment** – ImageAttachment to attach
- **initial** – Access to the resource prior to this rendergraph

```
void attach_image_from_allocator(Name name, ImageAttachment image_attachment, Allocator allocator, Access initial = eNone)
```

Attach an image to be allocated from the specified allocator.

#### Parameters

- **name** – Name of the resource to attach to
- **image\_attachment** – ImageAttachment to attach
- **buffer** – Buffer to attach
- **initial** – Access to the resource prior to this rendergraph

```
void attach_and_clear_image(Name name, ImageAttachment image_attachment, Clear clear_value, Access initial = eNone)
```

Attach an image to the given name.

#### Parameters

- **name** – Name of the resource to attach to
- **image\_attachment** – ImageAttachment to attach
- **clear\_value** – Value used for the clear
- **initial** – Access to the resource prior to this rendergraph

```
void attach_in(Name name, Future future)
```

Attach a future to the given name.

#### Parameters

- **name** – Name of the resource to attach to
- **future** – *Future* to be attached into this rendergraph

```
void attach_in(std::span<Future> futures)
```

Attach multiple futures - the names are matched to future bound names.

#### Parameters

**futures** – Futures to be attached into this rendergraph

```
std::vector<Future> split()
```

Compute all the unconsumed resource names and return them as Futures.

```
void release(Name name, Access final)
```

Mark resources to be released from the rendergraph with future access.

#### Parameters

- **name** – Name of the resource to be released
- **final** – Access after the rendergraph

```
void release_for_present(Name name)
```

Mark resource to be released from the rendergraph for presentation.

#### Parameters

**name** – Name of the resource to be released

### Public Members

Name **name**

Name of the rendergraph.

```
struct ExecutableRenderGraph
```

## 1.5 Futures

vuk Futures allow you to reason about computation of resources that happened in the past, or will happen in the future. In general the limitation of RenderGraphs are that they don't know the state of the resources produced by previous computation, or the state the resources should be left in for future computation, so these states must be provided manually (this is error-prone). Instead you can encapsulate the computation and its result into a Future, which can then serve as an input to other RenderGraphs.

Futures can be constructed from a RenderGraph and a named Resource that is considered to be the output. A Future can optionally own the RenderGraph - but in all cases a Future must outlive the RenderGraph it references.

You can submit Futures manually, which will compile, execute and submit the RenderGraph it references. In this case when you use this Future as input to another RenderGraph it will wait for the result on the device. If a Future has not yet been submitted, the contained RenderGraph is simply appended as a subgraph (i.e. inlined).

It is also possible to wait for the result to be produced to be available on the host - but this forces a CPU-GPU sync and should be used sparingly.

---

class **Future**

### Public Functions

**Future**(std::shared\_ptr<*RenderGraph*> rg, Name output\_binding, DomainFlags dst\_domain = DomainFlagBits::eDevice)

Create a *Future* with ownership of a *RenderGraph* and bind to an output.

#### Parameters

- **rg** –
- **output\_binding** –

**Future**(std::shared\_ptr<*RenderGraph*> rg, QualifiedName output\_binding, DomainFlags dst\_domain = DomainFlagBits::eDevice)

Create a *Future* with ownership of a *RenderGraph* and bind to an output.

#### Parameters

- **rg** –
- **output\_binding** –

inline **Future**(ImageAttachment value)

Create a *Future* from a value, automatically making the result available on the host.

#### Parameters

**value** –

inline **Future**(Buffer value)

Create a *Future* from a value, automatically making the result available on the host.

#### Parameters

**value** –

inline FutureBase::Status &**get\_status**()

Get status of the *Future*.

inline std::shared\_ptr<*RenderGraph*> **get\_render\_graph**()

Get the referenced *RenderGraph*.

Result<void> **submit**(*Allocator* &allocator, Compiler &compiler)

Submit *Future* for execution.

Result<void> **wait**(*Allocator* &allocator, Compiler &compiler)

Wait for *Future* to complete execution on host.

template<class T>

Result<T> **get**(*Allocator* &allocator, Compiler &compiler)

Wait and retrieve the result of the *Future* on the host.

inline FutureBase \***get\_control**()

Get control block for *Future*.

## 1.6 Composing render graphs

Futures make easy to compose complex operations and effects out of RenderGraph building blocks, linked by Futures. These building blocks are termed partials, and vuk provides some built-in. Such partials are functions that take a number of Futures as input, and produce a Future as output.

The built-in partials can be found below. Built on these, there are some convenience functions that couple resource allocation with initial data (*create\_XXX()*).

namespace **vuk**

### Functions

```
inline Future host_data_to_buffer(Allocator &allocator, DomainFlagBits copy_domain, Buffer dst, const void *src_data, size_t size)
```

Fill a buffer with host data.

#### Parameters

- **allocator** – Allocator to use for temporary allocations
- **copy\_domain** – The domain where the copy should happen (when dst is mapped, the copy happens on host)
- **buffer** – Buffer to fill
- **src\_data** – pointer to source data
- **size** – size of source data

```
template<class T>
```

```
Future host_data_to_buffer(Allocator &allocator, DomainFlagBits copy_domain, Buffer dst, std::span<T> data)
```

Fill a buffer with host data.

#### Parameters

- **allocator** – Allocator to use for temporary allocations
- **copy\_domain** – The domain where the copy should happen (when dst is mapped, the copy happens on host)
- **dst** – Buffer to fill
- **data** – source data

```
inline Future download_buffer(Future buffer_src)
```

Download a buffer to GPUtoCPU memory.

#### Parameters

**buffer\_src** – Buffer to download

```
inline Future host_data_to_image(Allocator &allocator, DomainFlagBits copy_domain, ImageAttachment image, const void *src_data)
```

Fill an image with host data.

#### Parameters

- **allocator** – Allocator to use for temporary allocations

- **copy\_domain** – The domain where the copy should happen (when dst is mapped, the copy happens on host)
- **image** – ImageAttachment to fill
- **src\_data** – pointer to source data

inline *Future* **transition**(*Future* image, Access dst\_access)

Transition image for given access - useful to force certain access across different RenderGraphs linked by Futures.

#### Parameters

- **image** – input *Future* of ImageAttachment
- **dst\_access** – Access to have in the future

inline *Future* **generate\_mips**(*Future* image, uint32\_t base\_mip, uint32\_t num\_mips)

Generate mips for given ImageAttachment.

#### Parameters

- **image** – input *Future* of ImageAttachment
- **base\_mip** – source mip level
- **num\_mips** – number of mip levels to generate

template<class T>

std::pair<*Unique*<Buffer>, *Future*> **create\_buffer**(Allocator &allocator, vuk::MemoryUsage  
memory\_usage, DomainFlagBits domain, std::span<T>  
data)

Allocates & fills a buffer with explicitly managed lifetime.

#### Parameters

- **allocator** – Allocator to allocate this Buffer from
- **mem\_usage** – Where to allocate the buffer (host visible buffers will be automatically mapped)

inline std::pair<Texture, *Future*> **create\_texture**(Allocator &allocator, Format format, Extent3D extent,  
void \*data, bool should\_generate\_mips)

Allocates & fills an image, creates default ImageView for it (legacy)

#### Parameters

- **allocator** – Allocator to allocate this Texture from
- **format** – Format of the image
- **extent** – Extent3D of the image
- **data** – pointer to data to fill the image with
- **should\_generate\_mips** – if true, all mip levels are generated from the 0th level

## 1.7 CommandBuffer

The CommandBuffer class offers a convenient abstraction over command recording, pipeline state and descriptor sets of Vulkan.

### 1.7.1 Setting pipeline state

The CommandBuffer encapsulates the current pipeline and descriptor state. When calling state-setting commands, the current state of the CommandBuffer is updated. The state of the CommandBuffer persists for the duration of the execution callback, and there is no state leakage between callbacks of different passes.

The various states of the pipeline can be reconfigured by calling the appropriate function, such as `vuk::CommandBuffer::set_rasterization()`.

There is no default state - you must explicitly bind all state used for the commands recorded.

### 1.7.2 Static and dynamic state

Vulkan allows some pipeline state to be dynamic. In vuk this is exposed as an optimisation - you may let the CommandBuffer know that certain pipeline state is dynamic by calling `vuk::CommandBuffer::set_dynamic_state()`. This call changes which states are considered dynamic. Dynamic state is usually cheaper to change than entire pipelines and leads to fewer pipeline compilations, but has more overhead compared to static state - use it when a state changes often. Some state can be set dynamic on some platforms without cost. As with other pipeline state, setting states to be dynamic or static persist only during the callback.

### 1.7.3 Binding pipelines & specialization constants

The CommandBuffer maintains separate bind points for compute and graphics pipelines. The CommandBuffer also maintains an internal buffer of specialization constants that are applied to the pipeline bound. Changing specialization constants will trigger a pipeline compilation when using the pipeline for the first time.

### 1.7.4 Binding descriptors & push constants

vuk allows two types of descriptors to be bound: ephemeral and persistent.

Ephemeral descriptors are bound individually to the CommandBuffer via `bind_XXX()` calls where `XXX` denotes the type of the descriptor (eg. uniform buffer). These descriptors are internally managed by the CommandBuffer and the Allocator it references. Ephemeral descriptors are very convenient to use, but they are limited in the number of bindable descriptors (`VUK_MAX_BINDINGS`) and they incur a small overhead on bind.

Persistent descriptors are managed by the user via allocation of a PersistentDescriptorSet from Allocator and manually updating the contents. There is no limit on the number of descriptors and binding such descriptor sets do not have an overhead over the direct Vulkan call. Large descriptor arrays (such as the ones used in “bindless” techniques) are only possible via persistent descriptor sets.

The number of bindable sets is limited by `VUK_MAX_SETS`. Both ephemeral descriptors and persistent descriptor sets retain their bindings until overwritten, disturbed or the the callback ends.

Push constants can be changed by calling `vuk::CommandBuffer::push_constants()`.

## 1.7.5 Vertex buffers and attributes

While vertex buffers are waning in popularity, vuk still offers a convenient API for most attribute arrangements. If advanced addressing schemes are not required, they can be a convenient alternative to vertex pulling.

The shader declares attributes, which require a *location*. When binding vertex buffers, you are telling vuk where each attribute, corresponding to a *location* can be found. Each `vuk::CommandBuffer::bind_vertex_buffer()` binds a single `vuk::Buffer`, which can contain multiple attributes

The first two arguments to `vuk::CommandBuffer::bind_vertex_buffer()` specify the index of the vertex buffer binding and buffer to bind to that binding. (so if you have 1 vertex buffers, you pass 0, if you have 2 vertex buffers, you have 2 calls where you pass 0 and 1 as *binding* - these don't need to start at 0 or be contiguous but they might as well be)

In the second part of the arguments you specify which attributes can be found the vertex buffer that is being bound, what is their format, and what is their offset. For convenience vuk offers a utility called `vuk::Packed` to describe common vertex buffers that contain interleaved attribute data.

The simplest case is a single attribute per vertex buffer, this is described by calling `bind_vertex_buffer(binding, buffer, location, vuk::Packed{ vuk::Format::eR32G32B32Sfloat })` - with the actual format of the attribute. Here `vuk::Packed` means that the formats are packed in the buffer, i.e. you have a R32G32B32, then immediately after a R32G32B32, and so on.

If there are multiple interleaved attributes in a buffer, for example it is [position, normal, position, normal], then you can describe this in a very compact way in vuk if the position attribute location and normal attribute location is consecutive: `bind_vertex_buffer(binding, buffer, first_location, vuk::Packed{ vuk::Format::eR32G32B32Sfloat, vuk::Format::eR32G32B32Sfloat })`. Finally, you can describe holes in your interleaving by using `vuk::Ignore(byte_size)` in the format list for `vuk::Packed`.

If your attribute scheme cannot be described like this, you can also use `vuk::CommandBuffer::bind_vertex_buffer()` with a manually built `span<VertexInputAttributeDescription>` and computed stride.

## 1.7.6 Command recording

Draws and dispatches can be recorded by calling the appropriate function. Any state changes made will be recorded into the underlying Vulkan command buffer, along with the draw or dispatch.

## 1.7.7 Error handling

The `CommandBuffer` implements “monadic” error handling, because operations that allocate resources might fail. In this case the `CommandBuffer` is moved into the error state and subsequent calls do not modify the underlying state.

class **CommandBuffer**

## Public Functions

inline *Context* &**get\_context()**

    Retrieve parent context.

const RenderPassInfo &**get\_ongoing\_renderpass()** const

    Retrieve information about the current renderpass.

Result<Buffer> **get\_resource\_buffer**(Name resource\_name) const

    Retrieve Buffer attached to given name.

### Returns

    the attached Buffer or RenderGraphException

Result<Image> **get\_resource\_image**(Name resource\_name) const

    Retrieve Image attached to given name.

### Returns

    the attached Image or RenderGraphException

Result<ImageView> **get\_resource\_image\_view**(Name resource\_name) const

    Retrieve ImageView attached to given name.

### Returns

    the attached ImageView or RenderGraphException

Result<ImageAttachment> **get\_resource\_image\_attachment**(Name resource\_name) const

    Retrieve ImageAttachment attached to given name.

### Returns

    the attached ImageAttachment or RenderGraphException

*CommandBuffer* &**set\_descriptor\_set\_strategy**(DescriptorSetStrategyFlags ds\_strategy\_flags)

Set the strategy for allocating and updating ephemeral descriptor sets.

The default strategy is taken from the context when entering a new Pass

### Parameters

**ds\_strategy\_flags** – Mask of strategy options

*CommandBuffer* &**set\_dynamic\_state**(DynamicStateFlags dynamic\_state\_flags)

Set mask of dynamic state in *CommandBuffer*.

### Parameters

**dynamic\_state\_flags** – Mask of states (flag set = dynamic, flag clear = static)

*CommandBuffer* &**set\_viewport**(unsigned index, Viewport vp)

Set the viewport transformation for the specified viewport index.

### Parameters

- **index** – viewport index to modify
- **vp** – Viewport to be set

*CommandBuffer* &**set\_viewport**(unsigned index, Rect2D area, float min\_depth = 0.f, float max\_depth = 1.f)

Set the viewport transformation for the specified viewport index from a rect.

### Parameters

- **index** – viewport index to modify

- **area** – Rect2D extents of the Viewport
- **min\_depth** – Minimum depth of Viewport
- **max\_depth** – Maximum depth of Viewport

*CommandBuffer* &**set\_scissor**(unsigned index, Rect2D area)

Set the scissor for the specified scissor index from a rect.

#### Parameters

- **index** – scissor index to modify
- **area** – Rect2D extents of the scissor

*CommandBuffer* &**set\_rasterization**(PipelineRasterizationStateCreateInfo rasterization\_state)

Set the rasterization state.

*CommandBuffer* &**set\_depth\_stencil**(PipelineDepthStencilStateCreateInfo depth\_stencil\_state)

Set the depth/stencil state.

*CommandBuffer* &**set\_conservative**(PipelineRasterizationConservativeStateCreateInfo conservative\_state)

Set the conservative rasterization state.

*CommandBuffer* &**broadcast\_color\_blend**(PipelineColorBlendAttachmentState color\_blend\_state)

Set one color blend state to use for all color attachments.

*CommandBuffer* &**broadcast\_color\_blend**(BlendPreset blend\_preset)

Set one color blend preset to use for all color attachments.

*CommandBuffer* &**set\_color\_blend**(Name color\_attachment, PipelineColorBlendAttachmentState color\_blend\_state)

Set color blend state for a specific color attachment.

#### Parameters

- **color\_attachment** – the Name of the color\_attachment to set the blend state for
- **color\_blend\_state** – PipelineColorBlendAttachmentState to use

*CommandBuffer* &**set\_color\_blend**(Name color\_attachment, BlendPreset blend\_preset)

Set color blend preset for a specific color attachment.

#### Parameters

- **color\_attachment** – the Name of the color\_attachment to set the blend preset for
- **blend\_preset** – BlendPreset to use

*CommandBuffer* &**set\_blend\_constants**(std::array<float, 4> blend\_constants)

Set blend constants.

*CommandBuffer* &**bind\_graphics\_pipeline**(PipelineBaseInfo \*pipeline\_base)

Bind a graphics pipeline for subsequent draws.

#### Parameters

**pipeline\_base** – pointer to a pipeline base to bind

*CommandBuffer* &**bind\_graphics\_pipeline**(Name named\_pipeline)

Bind a named graphics pipeline for subsequent draws.

**Parameters**

**named\_pipeline** – graphics pipeline name

*CommandBuffer* &**bind\_compute\_pipeline**(PipelineBaseInfo \*pipeline\_base)

Bind a compute pipeline for subsequent dispatches.

**Parameters**

**pipeline\_base** – pointer to a pipeline base to bind

*CommandBuffer* &**bind\_compute\_pipeline**(Name named\_pipeline)

Bind a named graphics pipeline for subsequent dispatches.

**Parameters**

**named\_pipeline** – compute pipeline name

*CommandBuffer* &**bind\_ray\_tracing\_pipeline**(PipelineBaseInfo \*pipeline\_base)

Bind a ray tracing pipeline for subsequent draws.

**Parameters**

**pipeline\_base** – pointer to a pipeline base to bind

*CommandBuffer* &**bind\_ray\_tracing\_pipeline**(Name named\_pipeline)

Bind a named ray tracing pipeline for subsequent draws.

**Parameters**

**named\_pipeline** – graphics pipeline name

inline *CommandBuffer* &**specialize\_constants**(uint32\_t constant\_id, bool value)

Set specialization constants for the command buffer.

**Parameters**

- **constant\_id** – ID of the constant. All stages form a single namespace for IDs.
- **value** – Value of the specialization constant

inline *CommandBuffer* &**specialize\_constants**(uint32\_t constant\_id, uint32\_t value)

Set specialization constants for the command buffer.

**Parameters**

- **constant\_id** – ID of the constant. All stages form a single namespace for IDs.
- **value** – Value of the specialization constant

inline *CommandBuffer* &**specialize\_constants**(uint32\_t constant\_id, int32\_t value)

Set specialization constants for the command buffer.

**Parameters**

- **constant\_id** – ID of the constant. All stages form a single namespace for IDs.
- **value** – Value of the specialization constant

inline *CommandBuffer* &**specialize\_constants**(uint32\_t constant\_id, float value)

Set specialization constants for the command buffer.

**Parameters**

- **constant\_id** – ID of the constant. All stages form a single namespace for IDs.
- **value** – Value of the specialization constant

---

inline `CommandBuffer &specialize_constants(uint32_t constant_id, double value)`

Set specialization constants for the command buffer.

#### Parameters

- **constant\_id** – ID of the constant. All stages form a single namespace for IDs.
- **value** – Value of the specialization constant

`CommandBuffer &set_primitive_topology(PrimitiveTopology primitive_topology)`

Set primitive topology.

`CommandBuffer &bind_index_buffer(const Buffer &buffer, IndexType type)`

Binds an index buffer with the given type.

#### Parameters

- **buffer** – The buffer to be bound
- **type** – The index type in the buffer

`CommandBuffer &bind_index_buffer(Name resource_name, IndexType type)`

Binds an index buffer from a *Resource* with the given type.

#### Parameters

- **resource\_name** – The Name of the *Resource* to be bound
- **type** – The index type in the buffer

`CommandBuffer &bind_vertex_buffer(unsigned binding, const Buffer &buffer, unsigned first_location, Packed format_list)`

Binds a vertex buffer to the given binding point and configures attributes sourced from this buffer based on a packed format list, the attribute locations are offset with first\_location.

#### Parameters

- **binding** – The binding point of the buffer
- **buffer** – The buffer to be bound
- **first\_location** – First location assigned to the attributes
- **format\_list** – List of formats packed in buffer to generate attributes from

`CommandBuffer &bind_vertex_buffer(unsigned binding, Name resource_name, unsigned first_location, Packed format_list)`

Binds a vertex buffer from a *Resource* to the given binding point and configures attributes sourced from this buffer based on a packed format list, the attribute locations are offset with first\_location.

#### Parameters

- **binding** – The binding point of the buffer
- **resource\_name** – The Name of the *Resource* to be bound
- **first\_location** – First location assigned to the attributes
- **format\_list** – List of formats packed in buffer to generate attributes from

`CommandBuffer &bind_vertex_buffer(unsigned binding, const Buffer &buffer, std::span<VertexInputAttributeDescription> attribute_descriptions, uint32_t stride)`

Binds a vertex buffer to the given binding point and configures attributes sourced from this buffer based on a span of attribute descriptions and stride.

**Parameters**

- **binding** – The binding point of the buffer
- **buffer** – The buffer to be bound
- **attribute\_descriptions** – Attributes that are sourced from this buffer
- **stride** – Stride of a vertex sourced from this buffer

```
CommandBuffer &bind_vertex_buffer(unsigned binding, Name resource_name,
                                  std::span<VertexInputAttributeDescription>
                                  attribute_descriptions, uint32_t stride)
```

Binds a vertex buffer from a *Resource* to the given binding point and configures attributes sourced from this buffer based on a span of attribute descriptions and stride.

**Parameters**

- **binding** – The binding point of the buffer
- **resource\_name** – The Name of the *Resource* to be bound
- **attribute\_descriptions** – Attributes that are sourced from this buffer
- **stride** – Stride of a vertex sourced from this buffer

```
CommandBuffer &push_constants(ShaderStageFlags stages, size_t offset, void *data, size_t size)
```

Update push constants for the specified stages with bytes.

**Parameters**

- **stages** – Pipeline stages that can see the updated bytes
- **offset** – Offset into the push constant buffer
- **data** – Pointer to data to be copied into push constants
- **size** – Size of data

```
template<class T>
```

```
inline CommandBuffer &push_constants(ShaderStageFlags stages, size_t offset, std::span<T> span)
```

Update push constants for the specified stages with a span of values.

**Template Parameters**

T – type of values

**Parameters**

- **stages** – Pipeline stages that can see the updated bytes
- **offset** – Offset into the push constant buffer
- **span** – Values to write

```
template<class T>
```

```
inline CommandBuffer &push_constants(ShaderStageFlags stages, size_t offset, T value)
```

Update push constants for the specified stages with a single value.

**Template Parameters**

T – type of value

**Parameters**

- **stages** – Pipeline stages that can see the updated bytes
- **offset** – Offset into the push constant buffer

- **value** – Value to write

`CommandBuffer &bind_persistent(unsigned set, PersistentDescriptorSet &desc_set)`

Bind a persistent descriptor set to the command buffer.

#### Parameters

- **set** – The set bind index to be used
- **desc\_set** – The persistent descriptor set to be bound

`CommandBuffer &bind_buffer(unsigned set, unsigned binding, const Buffer &buffer)`

Bind a buffer to the command buffer.

#### Parameters

- **set** – The set bind index to be used
- **binding** – The descriptor binding to bind the buffer to
- **buffer** – The buffer to be bound

`CommandBuffer &bind_buffer(unsigned set, unsigned binding, Name resource_name)`

Bind a buffer to the command buffer from a *Resource*.

#### Parameters

- **set** – The set bind index to be used
- **binding** – The descriptor binding to bind the buffer to
- **resource\_name** – The Name of the *Resource* to be bound

`CommandBuffer &bind_image(unsigned set, unsigned binding, ImageView image_view, ImageLayout layout = ImageLayout::eReadOnlyOptimalKHR)`

Bind an image to the command buffer.

#### Parameters

- **set** – The set bind index to be used
- **binding** – The descriptor binding to bind the image to
- **image\_view** – The ImageView to bind
- **layout** – layout of the image when the affected draws execute

`CommandBuffer &bind_image(unsigned set, unsigned binding, const ImageAttachment &image, ImageLayout layout = ImageLayout::eReadOnlyOptimalKHR)`

Bind an image to the command buffer.

#### Parameters

- **set** – The set bind index to be used
- **binding** – The descriptor binding to bind the image to
- **image\_view** – The ImageAttachment to bind
- **layout** – layout of the image when the affected draws execute

`CommandBuffer &bind_image(unsigned set, unsigned binding, Name resource_name)`

Bind an image to the command buffer from a *Resource*.

#### Parameters

- **set** – The set bind index to be used

- **binding** – The descriptor binding to bind the image to
- **resource\_name** – The Name of the *Resource* to be bound

*CommandBuffer* &**bind\_sampler**(unsigned set, unsigned binding, SamplerCreateInfo sampler\_create\_info)

Bind a sampler to the command buffer from a *Resource*.

#### Parameters

- **set** – The set bind index to be used
- **binding** – The descriptor binding to bind the sampler to
- **sampler\_create\_info** – Parameters of the sampler

void \***map\_scratch\_buffer**(unsigned set, unsigned binding, size\_t size)

Allocate some CPUtoGPU memory and bind it as a buffer. Return a pointer to the mapped memory.

#### Parameters

- **set** – The set bind index to be used
- **binding** – The descriptor binding to bind the buffer to
- **size** – Amount of memory to allocate

#### Returns

pointer to the mapped host-visible memory. Null pointer if the command buffer has errored out previously or the allocation failed

template<class T>

inline *T* \***map\_scratch\_buffer**(unsigned set, unsigned binding)

Allocate some typed CPUtoGPU memory and bind it as a buffer. Return a pointer to the mapped memory.

#### Template Parameters

*T* – Type of the uniform to write

#### Parameters

- **set** – The set bind index to be used
- **binding** – The descriptor binding to bind the buffer to

#### Returns

pointer to the mapped host-visible memory. Null pointer if the command buffer has errored out previously or the allocation failed

*CommandBuffer* &**bind\_acceleration\_structure**(unsigned set, unsigned binding,  
VkAccelerationStructureKHR tlas)

Bind a sampler to the command buffer from a *Resource*.

#### Parameters

- **set** – The set bind index to be used
- **binding** – The descriptor binding to bind the sampler to
- **sampler\_create\_info** – Parameters of the sampler

*CommandBuffer* &**draw**(size\_t vertex\_count, size\_t instance\_count, size\_t first\_vertex, size\_t first\_instance)

Issue a non-indexed draw.

#### Parameters

- **vertex\_count** – Number of vertices to draw

- **instance\_count** – Number of instances to draw
- **first\_vertex** – Index of the first vertex to draw
- **first\_instance** – Index of the first instance to draw

*CommandBuffer* &**draw\_indexed**(size\_t index\_count, size\_t instance\_count, size\_t first\_index, int32\_t vertex\_offset, size\_t first\_instance)

Issue an indexed draw.

#### Parameters

- **index\_count** – Number of vertices to draw
- **instance\_count** – Number of instances to draw
- **first\_index** – Index of the first index in the index buffer
- **vertex\_offset** – value added to the vertex index before indexing into the vertex buffer(s)
- **first\_instance** – Index of the first instance to draw

*CommandBuffer* &**draw\_indexed\_indirect**(size\_t command\_count, const Buffer &indirect\_buffer)

Issue an indirect indexed draw.

#### Parameters

- **command\_count** – Number of indirect commands to be used
- **indirect\_buffer** – Buffer of indirect commands

*CommandBuffer* &**draw\_indexed\_indirect**(size\_t command\_count, Name indirect\_resource\_name)

Issue an indirect indexed draw.

#### Parameters

- **command\_count** – Number of indirect commands to be used
- **indirect\_resource\_name** – The Name of the *Resource* to use as indirect buffer

*CommandBuffer* &**draw\_indexed\_indirect**(std::span<DrawIndexedIndirectCommand> commands)

Issue an indirect indexed draw.

#### Parameters

**commands** – Indirect commands to be uploaded and used for this draw

*CommandBuffer* &**draw\_indexed\_indirect\_count**(size\_t max\_command\_count, const Buffer &indirect\_buffer, const Buffer &count\_buffer)

Issue an indirect indexed draw with count.

#### Parameters

- **max\_command\_count** – Upper limit of commands that can be drawn
- **indirect\_buffer** – Buffer of indirect commands
- **count\_buffer** – Buffer of command count

*CommandBuffer* &**draw\_indexed\_indirect\_count**(size\_t max\_command\_count, Name indirect\_resource\_name, Name count\_resource\_name)

Issue an indirect indexed draw with count.

#### Parameters

- **max\_command\_count** – Upper limit of commands that can be drawn

- **indirect\_resource\_name** – The Name of the *Resource* to use as indirect buffer
- **count\_resource\_name** – The Name of the *Resource* to use as count buffer

*CommandBuffer* &**dispatch**(size\_t group\_count\_x, size\_t group\_count\_y = 1, size\_t group\_count\_z = 1)

Issue a compute dispatch.

#### Parameters

- **group\_count\_x** – Number of groups on the x-axis
- **group\_count\_y** – Number of groups on the y-axis
- **group\_count\_z** – Number of groups on the z-axis

*CommandBuffer* &**dispatch\_invocations**(size\_t invocation\_count\_x, size\_t invocation\_count\_y = 1, size\_t invocation\_count\_z = 1)

Perform a dispatch while specifying the minimum invocation count Actual invocation count will be rounded up to be a multiple of local\_size\_{x,y,z}.

#### Parameters

- **invocation\_count\_x** – Number of invocations on the x-axis
- **invocation\_count\_y** – Number of invocations on the y-axis
- **invocation\_count\_z** – Number of invocations on the z-axis

*CommandBuffer* &**dispatch\_indirect**(const Buffer &indirect\_buffer)

Issue an indirect compute dispatch.

#### Parameters

**indirect\_buffer** – Buffer of workgroup counts

*CommandBuffer* &**dispatch\_indirect**(Name indirect\_resource\_name)

Issue an indirect compute dispatch.

#### Parameters

**indirect\_resource\_name** – The Name of the *Resource* to use as indirect buffer

*CommandBuffer* &**trace\_rays**(size\_t width, size\_t height, size\_t depth)

Perform ray trace query with a raytracing pipeline.

#### Parameters

- **width** – width of the ray trace query dimensions
- **height** – height of the ray trace query dimensions
- **depth** – depth of the ray trace query dimensions

*CommandBuffer* &**build\_acceleration\_structures**(uint32\_t info\_count, const  
                                  VkAccelerationStructureBuildGeometryInfoKHR  
                                  \*pInfos, const  
                                  VkAccelerationStructureBuildRangeInfoKHR  
                                  \*const \*ppBuildRangeInfos)

Build acceleration structures.

*CommandBuffer* &**clear\_image**(Name src, Clear clear\_value)

Clear an image.

#### Parameters

- **src** – the Name of the *Resource* to be cleared

- **clear\_value** – value to clear with

`CommandBuffer &resolve_image`(Name src, Name dst)

Resolve an image.

#### Parameters

- **src** – the Name of the multisampled *Resource*
- **dst** – the Name of the singlesampled *Resource*

`CommandBuffer &blit_image`(Name src, Name dst, ImageBlit region, Filter filter)

Perform an image blit.

#### Parameters

- **src** – the Name of the source *Resource*
- **dst** – the Name of the destination *Resource*
- **region** – parameters of the blit
- **filter** – Filter to use if the src and dst extents differ

`CommandBuffer &copy_buffer_to_image`(Name src, Name dst, BufferImageCopy copy\_params)

Copy a buffer resource into an image resource.

#### Parameters

- **src** – the Name of the source *Resource*
- **dst** – the Name of the destination *Resource*
- **copy\_params** – parameters of the copy

`CommandBuffer &copy_image_to_buffer`(Name src, Name dst, BufferImageCopy copy\_params)

Copy an image resource into a buffer resource.

#### Parameters

- **src** – the Name of the source *Resource*
- **dst** – the Name of the destination *Resource*
- **copy\_params** – parameters of the copy

`CommandBuffer &copy_buffer`(Name src, Name dst, size\_t size)

Copy between two buffer resource.

#### Parameters

- **src** – the Name of the source *Resource*
- **dst** – the Name of the destination *Resource*
- **size** – number of bytes to copy (VK\_WHOLE\_SIZE to copy the entire “src” buffer)

`CommandBuffer &copy_buffer`(const Buffer &src, const Buffer &dst, size\_t size)

Copy between two Buffers.

#### Parameters

- **src** – the source Buffer
- **dst** – the destination Buffer
- **size** – number of bytes to copy (VK\_WHOLE\_SIZE to copy the entire “src” buffer)

*CommandBuffer* &**fill\_buffer**(Name dst, size\_t size, uint32\_t data)

Fill a buffer with a fixed value.

#### Parameters

- **dst** – the Name of the destination *Resource*
- **size** – number of bytes to fill
- **data** – the 4 byte value to fill with

*CommandBuffer* &**fill\_buffer**(const Buffer &dst, size\_t size, uint32\_t data)

Fill a buffer with a fixed value.

#### Parameters

- **dst** – the destination Buffer
- **size** – number of bytes to fill
- **data** – the 4 byte value to fill with

*CommandBuffer* &**update\_buffer**(Name dst, size\_t size, void \*data)

Fill a buffer with a host values.

#### Parameters

- **dst** – the Name of the destination *Resource*
- **size** – number of bytes to fill
- **data** – pointer to host values

*CommandBuffer* &**update\_buffer**(const Buffer &dst, size\_t size, void \*data)

Fill a buffer with a host values.

#### Parameters

- **dst** – the destination Buffer
- **size** – number of bytes to fill
- **data** – pointer to host values

*CommandBuffer* &**memory\_barrier**(Access src\_access, Access dst\_access)

Issue a memory barrier.

#### Parameters

- **src\_access** – previous Access
- **dst\_access** – subsequent Access

*CommandBuffer* &**image\_barrier**(Name resource\_name, Access src\_access, Access dst\_access, uint32\_t base\_level = 0, uint32\_t level\_count = VK\_REMAINING\_MIP\_LEVELS)

Issue an image barrier for an image resource.

#### Parameters

- **resource\_name** – the Name of the image *Resource*
- **src\_access** – previous Access
- **dst\_access** – subsequent Access
- **base\_level** – base mip level affected by the barrier

- 
- **level\_count** – number of mip levels affected by the barrier

```
CommandBuffer &write_timestamp(Query query, PipelineStageFlagBits stage =  
    PipelineStageFlagBits::eBottomOfPipe)
```

Write a timestamp to given *Query*.

#### Parameters

- **query** – the *Query* to hold the result
- **stage** – the pipeline stage where the timestamp should latch the earliest



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**CHAPTER  
TWO**

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**BACKGROUND**

vuk was initially conceived based on the rendergraph articles of themaister (<https://themaster.net/blog/2017/08/15/render-graphs-and-vulkan-a-deep-dive/>). In essence the idea is to describe work undertaken during a frame in advance in a high level manner, then the library takes care of low-level details, such as insertion of synchronization (barriers) and managing resource states (image layouts). This over time evolved to a somewhat complete Vulkan runtime - you can use the facilities afforded by vuk's runtime without even using the rendergraph part. The runtime presents a more easily approachable interface to Vulkan, abstracting over common pain points of pipeline management, state setting and descriptors. The rendergraph part has grown to become more powerful than simple 'autosync' abstraction - it allows expressing complex dependencies via *vuk::Future* and allows powerful optimisation opportunities for the backend (even if those are to be implemented).

Alltogether vuk presents a vision of GPU development that embraces compilation - the idea that knowledge about optimisation of programs can be encoded into tools (compilers) and this way can be insitutionalised, which allows a broader range of programs and programmers to take advantage of these. The future developments will focus on this backend(Vulkan, DX12, etc.)-agnostic form of representing graphics programs and their optimisation.

As such vuk is in active development, and will change in API and behaviour as we better understand the shape of the problem. With that being said, vuk is already usable to base projects off of - with the occasional refactoring. For support or feedback, please join the Discord server or use Github issues - we would be very happy to hear your thoughts!



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**CHAPTER  
THREE**

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**INDICES AND TABLES**

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